CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2010
# CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS
## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
For the year ended September 30, 2010

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OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
FINANCIAL SECTION
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members
of the City Council
City of Bay City, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bay City, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Bay City Gas Company, which statements reflect total assets of $5,241,521 as of March 31, 2010, and total revenues of $2,981,136 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the component unit column, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards and standards generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Bay City Gas Company were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 3, 2011, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 9 and 55 through 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

March 3, 2011
As management of the City of Bay City, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by $27,888,623 (net assets). Of this amount, $5,337,630 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $7,212,540, an increase of $2,054,810 from the prior year. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was $1,708,708, or 20.22% of total General Fund expenditures. The increase in fund balance for the City's governmental funds is attributable to the 2010 debt issue.
- The City's total net assets of the business-type activities increased $1,158,975, or 10.94%. The increase in the Water and Sewer Fund increased by $820,665, the Sanitation Fund increased by $230,696 and the Airport Fund increased by $107,584.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information

- Independent Auditors' Report
  Provides the opinion of the Independent Auditors on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements.
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
  This supplementary information is required for state and local government financial statements and is intended to provide a narrative introduction and analysis.
  Pages 3 to 9
- Government-wide Financial Statements
  Provides information on governmental and business-type activities of the primary government.
  Pages 10 to 13
- Fund Financial Statements
  Provides information on the financial position of specific funds of the primary government.
  Pages 14 to 23
- Notes to Financial Statements
  Provides a summary of significant accounting policies and related disclosures.
  Pages 24 to 54
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Statement of Net Assets

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, construction for outside parties, public activities and recreation, and cultural arts and public benefits. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, sanitation and airport services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds or proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintained nine individual governmental funds during the 2009-2010 fiscal year. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Construction Projects Fund, 2010 Capital Acquisition Fund, 2009 Capital Acquisition Fund, and the Community Development...
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Governmental Funds - (Continued)

Corporation which are considered major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Debt Service Fund. A Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budgets.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in a more detailed format. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water/wastewater utility service, the sanitation services, and the airport operation; which are considered to be major funds of the City.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information is included which presents a budgetary comparison schedule for the City’s General Fund.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government’s financial position. In the case of the City, net assets exceeded liabilities by $27,888,623 at the close of the fiscal year 2010.

By far, the largest portion of the City’s net assets (78.90%) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less a related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City’s investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.
City of Bay City, Texas

### Net Assets

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<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current and other assets</td>
<td>$8,685,096</td>
<td>$5,877,005</td>
<td>$2,512,155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other noncurrent assets</td>
<td>179,539</td>
<td>121,443</td>
<td>576,638</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>31,769,773</td>
<td>29,205,152</td>
<td>19,373,953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities</td>
<td>2,086,196</td>
<td>1,535,668</td>
<td>2,604,116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noncurrent liabilities</td>
<td>13,545,873</td>
<td>11,113,796</td>
<td>5,018,316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td>15,632,069</td>
<td>12,649,454</td>
<td>7,623,034</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</td>
<td>$12,166,490</td>
<td>$11,507,535</td>
<td>$9,838,242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restricted</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>549,261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted</td>
<td>3,971,214</td>
<td>5,048,153</td>
<td>1,366,416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total net assets</strong></td>
<td>$16,137,704</td>
<td>$16,555,688</td>
<td>$11,750,919</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The balance of unrestricted net assets, $5,337,630, may be used to meet the government’s ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets for the primary government as a whole.
Government activities decreased the City’s net assets by $766,578. Business-type activities increased the City’s net assets by $1,158,975.

### City of Bay City, Texas

#### Changes in Net Assets

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<td><strong>REVENUES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program revenues:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charges for services</td>
<td>$2,698,689</td>
<td>$610,628</td>
<td>$8,108,690</td>
<td>$5,720,771</td>
<td>$10,807,369</td>
<td>$6,331,399</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operating grants and contributions</td>
<td>439,912</td>
<td>2,172,387</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>361,082</td>
<td>439,912</td>
<td>2,533,459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital grants and contributions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>726,097</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>726,097</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General revenues:</strong></td>
<td>3,414,585</td>
<td>3,059,879</td>
<td>4,607,569</td>
<td>3,986,482</td>
<td>860,750</td>
<td>432,144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property taxes</td>
<td>860,750</td>
<td>756,851</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>860,750</td>
<td>756,851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franchise taxes</td>
<td>432,144</td>
<td>469,088</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>432,144</td>
<td>469,088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other taxes</td>
<td>14,401</td>
<td>26,609</td>
<td>4,478</td>
<td>9,639</td>
<td>18,879</td>
<td>36,448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted investment earnings</td>
<td>1,014,427</td>
<td>514,177</td>
<td>17,225</td>
<td>185,058</td>
<td>1,031,652</td>
<td>699,235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>12,861,390</td>
<td>12,217,388</td>
<td>8,856,480</td>
<td>6,276,550</td>
<td>21,717,870</td>
<td>18,493,938</td>
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<td><strong>EXPENSES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General government</td>
<td>2,112,518</td>
<td>2,473,385</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,112,518</td>
<td>2,473,385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public safety</td>
<td>3,771,477</td>
<td>4,099,853</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,771,477</td>
<td>4,099,853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public works</td>
<td>2,340,844</td>
<td>2,849,343</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,340,844</td>
<td>2,849,343</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Const. for outside parties</td>
<td>2,320,411</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,320,411</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public activities and rec.</td>
<td>1,929,843</td>
<td>1,788,850</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,929,843</td>
<td>1,788,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural arts and pub. ben.</td>
<td>643,792</td>
<td>1,259,694</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>643,792</td>
<td>1,259,694</td>
</tr>
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<td>Interest on long-term debt</td>
<td>583,214</td>
<td>381,508</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>583,214</td>
<td>381,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and sewer</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,268,532</td>
<td>4,706,783</td>
<td>5,268,532</td>
<td>4,706,783</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sanitation</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,952,979</td>
<td>113,933</td>
<td>1,952,979</td>
<td>113,933</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airport</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>411,863</td>
<td>397,202</td>
<td>411,863</td>
<td>397,202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenses</strong></td>
<td>13,702,099</td>
<td>12,852,733</td>
<td>7,623,374</td>
<td>5,217,918</td>
<td>21,325,473</td>
<td>18,070,651</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change in net assets</td>
<td>before transfers</td>
<td>(840,708)</td>
<td>(635,345)</td>
<td>1,233,106</td>
<td>1,058,632</td>
<td>392,397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers</td>
<td>74,131</td>
<td>(842,299)</td>
<td>(74,131)</td>
<td>842,299</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in net assets</td>
<td>as restated</td>
<td>(766,578)</td>
<td>(1,477,644)</td>
<td>1,158,975</td>
<td>1,900,931</td>
<td>392,397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net assets - ending</td>
<td>$16,137,704</td>
<td>$16,904,282</td>
<td>$10,591,944</td>
<td>$8,691,013</td>
<td>$27,496,226</td>
<td>$27,072,939</td>
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### Net assets - ending

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<tbody>
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<td>Net assets - ending</td>
<td>$16,137,704</td>
<td>$16,904,282</td>
<td>$10,591,944</td>
<td>$8,691,013</td>
<td>$27,496,226</td>
<td>$27,072,939</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY’S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City’s governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City’s financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government’s net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City’s governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $7,212,540, an increase of $2,054,810 from the prior year.

Approximately 99.66% of this total amount, $7,187,716 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the City’s discretion. The remainder of fund balance of $24,824 or .34% is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for prepaid expenditures.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance was $1,708,708. Unreserved fund balance represents 20.22% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City’s General Fund increased by $156,961 during the current fiscal year. The increase was primarily due to the increase in tax revenue.

Proprietary Funds

The City’s proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to $89,237, which is a decrease of $781,697 from the prior year. Unrestricted net assets of the Sanitation Fund amounted to $(16,559) at the end of the current fiscal year, which is an increase of $242,726 from the prior year. Unrestricted net assets of the Airport Fund amounted to $88,738 at the end of the current fiscal year, which is an increase of $11,670 from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City’s investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounts to $39,190,298 (net of accumulated depreciation) at the end of the current fiscal year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, water and sewer system, and land structured facilities. The total decrease in the City’s investment in capital assets was 1.48%.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City of Bay City, Texas</th>
<th>Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Governmental Activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$1,874,437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction in progress</td>
<td>1,161,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings and improvements</td>
<td>5,198,187</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machinery and equipment</td>
<td>1,964,686</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td>12,566,530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$22,905,138</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional information on the City’s capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.
CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

During the 2010 fiscal year, the City had one new debt issue. The 2010 Certificates of Obligation were issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital asset facilities. The City retired $2,199,090 of the prior outstanding debt issues. The total outstanding debt of the governmental activities, excluding compensated absences as of September 30, 2010 amounted to $10,179,431. The total outstanding debt of the business-type activities, excluding compensated absences, as of September 30, 2010 amounted to $6,448,918.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 10.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2010-2011 fiscal year.

A nation-wide economic downturn has impacted consumer spending resulting in state-wide reductions in sales tax revenues. The total sales tax payments received by the City from the State Comptroller in fiscal year 2010 totaled $3,986,482. This amount is a decrease of $621,087 or 13.48% compared to the previous year. This decline was anticipated in the 2010 budget. For fiscal year 2011 the City has budgeted $4,180,000 of sales tax revenue, an increase of 4.85%.

The certified assessed taxable property valuations for the 2010 tax roll total $660 million with a tax rate of $0.50 per $100 valuation for maintenance and operations and $0.045 per $100 of valuation for interest and sinking. The tax rate increased $0.015666 over last year. The 2010 budget was the first ever dedicated debt service tax, thereby establishing a Debt Service fund to provide funding toward the 2009 issue. The City issued the Series 2010 certificates which will also be funded in part by the debt service tax.

In 2010 the City established the Sanitation Fund which provides solid waste collection services for the City. The initial year of operation resulted in an increase in the funds net assets of $230,696.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Office, 1901 Fifth Street, Bay City, Texas 77414.
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Basic Financial Statements
## Statement of Net Assets

**City of Bay City, Texas**
**Statement of Net Assets**
**September 30, 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ASSETS</th>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Bay City Gas Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$ 7,251,813</td>
<td>$ 1,519,173</td>
<td>$ 8,770,986</td>
<td>$ 1,696,057</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,259,032</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receivables (net)</td>
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<td>1,028,071</td>
<td>1,949,375</td>
<td>376,673</td>
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<tr>
<td>Internal balances</td>
<td>55,566</td>
<td>(55,556)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Due from other governments</td>
<td>351,942</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>351,942</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>Prepaids</td>
<td>84,824</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>84,824</td>
<td>60,375</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>20,657</td>
<td>19,467</td>
<td>40,124</td>
<td>59,178</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Restricted assets</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>193,407</td>
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<tr>
<td>Investments</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>204,921</td>
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<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td>8,685,096</td>
<td>2,512,155</td>
<td>11,197,251</td>
<td>3,849,643</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Noncurrent assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and other assets not being</td>
<td>3,055,735</td>
<td>570,560</td>
<td>3,626,295</td>
<td>4,732</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>depreciated</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings, improvements, and</td>
<td>19,849,403</td>
<td>15,714,600</td>
<td>35,564,003</td>
<td>1,387,146</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>equipment (net)</td>
<td>179,539</td>
<td>576,838</td>
<td>756,177</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred expenses (net)</td>
<td>19,084,677</td>
<td>16,861,798</td>
<td>35,946,475</td>
<td>1,391,878</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total noncurrent assets</strong></td>
<td>23,084,677</td>
<td>16,861,798</td>
<td>39,946,475</td>
<td>1,391,878</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>31,786,773</td>
<td>19,373,953</td>
<td>51,143,726</td>
<td>5,241,521</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Bay City Gas Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LIABILITIES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>$623,224</td>
<td>$287,261</td>
<td>$910,485</td>
<td>$141,044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued expenses</td>
<td>248,637</td>
<td>113,841</td>
<td>362,478</td>
<td>1,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest payable</td>
<td>127,641</td>
<td>15,490</td>
<td>143,131</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to other governments</td>
<td>55,463</td>
<td>13,651</td>
<td>69,114</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposits</td>
<td>20,998</td>
<td>501,507</td>
<td>522,505</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued compensated absences</td>
<td>173,611</td>
<td>63,764</td>
<td>237,375</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unearned revenue</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>178,602</td>
<td>178,602</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current portion of long-term obligations</td>
<td>$836,622</td>
<td>1,430,000</td>
<td>2,266,622</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total current liabilities</td>
<td>2,086,196</td>
<td>2,604,116</td>
<td>4,690,312</td>
<td>142,046</td>
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<tr>
<td>Noncurrent liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations</td>
<td>13,545,873</td>
<td>5,018,918</td>
<td>18,564,791</td>
<td>344,555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total noncurrent liabilities</td>
<td>13,545,873</td>
<td>5,018,918</td>
<td>18,564,791</td>
<td>344,555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>15,632,069</td>
<td>7,623,034</td>
<td>23,255,103</td>
<td>487,001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NET ASSETS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</td>
<td>12,166,490</td>
<td>9,836,242</td>
<td>22,002,732</td>
<td>1,391,878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restricted for debt service</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>548,261</td>
<td>548,261</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted net assets</td>
<td>3,971,214</td>
<td>1,366,416</td>
<td>5,337,630</td>
<td>3,362,642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net assets</td>
<td>$16,137,704</td>
<td>$11,750,919</td>
<td>$27,888,623</td>
<td>$4,754,520</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Statement of Activities

**For the year ended September 30, 2010**

## Function/Programs Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Expenses</th>
<th>Charges for Services</th>
<th>Operating Grants and Contributions</th>
<th>Capital Grants and Contributions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary Government</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General government</td>
<td>$2,112,518</td>
<td>$240,650</td>
<td>$31,993</td>
<td>$-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public safety</td>
<td>3,771,477</td>
<td>406,931</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public works</td>
<td>2,340,844</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>124,833</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction for outside parties</td>
<td>2,320,411</td>
<td>1,647,562</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public activities and recreation</td>
<td>1,923,843</td>
<td>203,546</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural arts and public benefits</td>
<td>643,792</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>283,086</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on long-term debt</td>
<td>583,214</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total governmental activities</strong></td>
<td>13,702,099</td>
<td>2,696,689</td>
<td>439,912</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Business-type activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and sewer</td>
<td>5,258,532</td>
<td>5,730,656</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>488,124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sanitation</td>
<td>1,952,979</td>
<td>2,176,550</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airport</td>
<td>411,863</td>
<td>201,474</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>237,873</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total business-type activities</strong></td>
<td>7,623,374</td>
<td>8,108,680</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>726,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total primary government</strong></td>
<td>$21,325,473</td>
<td>$10,807,369</td>
<td>$439,912</td>
<td>$726,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Component Unit</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bay City Gas Company</td>
<td>$2,845,256</td>
<td>$2,885,282</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

## Program Revenues

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Charged to</th>
<th>Charges for Services</th>
<th>Operating Grants and Contributions</th>
<th>Capital Grants and Contributions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Program Revenues</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General revenues</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property taxes, levied for general purposes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property taxes, levied for debt service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales taxes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franchise taxes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other taxes and fees</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted investment earnings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total general revenues and transfers</strong></td>
<td>$10,807,369</td>
<td>$439,912</td>
<td>$726,097</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Change in net assets**

Net assets - beginning, as restated

Net assets - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-Types Activities</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Bay City Gas Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ (1,839,875)</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3,364,546)</td>
<td>(3,364,546)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2,216,011)</td>
<td>(2,216,011)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(472,849)</td>
<td>(472,849)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(1,726,297)</td>
<td>(1,726,297)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(360,706)</td>
<td>(360,706)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(583,214)</td>
<td>(583,214)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10,563,498)</td>
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<tr>
<td>960,248</td>
<td>223,571</td>
<td>223,571</td>
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<tr>
<td>27,584</td>
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<td>27,584</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,211,403</td>
<td>1,211,403</td>
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<tr>
<td>(10,563,498)</td>
<td>1,211,403</td>
<td></td>
<td>(9,352,095)</td>
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<td>3,218,039</td>
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<tr>
<td>196,546</td>
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<td>196,546</td>
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<td>3,986,482</td>
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<td>3,986,482</td>
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<td>860,750</td>
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<td>860,750</td>
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<td>432,144</td>
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<td>432,144</td>
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<tr>
<td>14,401</td>
<td>4,476</td>
<td>18,879</td>
<td>95,854</td>
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<td>1,014,427</td>
<td>17,225</td>
<td>1,031,652</td>
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<td>74,131</td>
<td>(74,131)</td>
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<tr>
<td>9,766,920</td>
<td>(52,428)</td>
<td>9,744,492</td>
<td>95,854</td>
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<tr>
<td>(766,578)</td>
<td>1,158,975</td>
<td>392,397</td>
<td>135,880</td>
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<td>16,904,282</td>
<td>10,591,944</td>
<td>27,496,226</td>
<td>4,618,640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ 16,137,704</td>
<td>$ 11,750,919</td>
<td>$ 27,888,623</td>
<td>$ 4,754,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>General</td>
<td>Community Construction Projects Fund</td>
<td>2010 Capital Acquisition Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ASSETS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$ 1,929,736</td>
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<td>Receivables (net)</td>
<td>637,774</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Due from other funds</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prepaid expenditures</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>$ 2,900,864</td>
<td>$ 766,356</td>
<td>$ 2,754,389</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>$ 376,216</td>
<td>$ 120,285</td>
<td>$ 31,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued expenditures</td>
<td>229,175</td>
<td>2,287</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security deposits</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to other governments</td>
<td>55,463</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred revenue</td>
<td>506,478</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td>$ 1,167,332</td>
<td>122,572</td>
<td>31,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund balances</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserved for prepaids</td>
<td>24,824</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unreserved, undesignated reported in:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General fund</td>
<td>1,708,708</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special revenue funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service fund</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital project funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>643,784</td>
<td>2,722,732</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total fund balances</strong></td>
<td>$ 1,733,532</td>
<td>643,784</td>
<td>2,722,732</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities and fund balances</strong></td>
<td>$ 2,900,864</td>
<td>$ 766,356</td>
<td>$ 2,754,389</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009 Capital Acquisition Fund</th>
<th>Community Development Corporation</th>
<th>Other Governmental Funds</th>
<th>Total Governmental Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$313,899</td>
<td>$1,469,337</td>
<td>$261,569</td>
<td>$7,251,813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$313,899</td>
<td>39,057</td>
<td>351,942</td>
<td>920,304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>85,412</td>
<td>13,556</td>
<td>84,824</td>
<td>351,942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>20,657</td>
<td>20,657</td>
<td>20,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$314,182</td>
<td>$1,635,406</td>
<td>$314,182</td>
<td>$8,685,096</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|                  | $365,888                      | $29,888                           | $623,224                | $1,472,556               |
|                  | 17,175                        | 20,998                            | 20,998                  | 20,998                   |
|                  | 8,917                         | 8,917                             | 55,463                  | 55,463                   |
|                  | 8,839                         | 515,317                           |                        | 515,317                  |
|                  | $365,888                      | 45,785                            | 1,472,556               |                         |

|                  | $277,331                      | $1,589,621                        | $245,540                | $7,212,540               |
|                  | 19,532                        | 5,431                             | 5,431                   | 5,431                    |
|                  | 1,589,621                     | 245,540                           | 245,540                 |                         |
|                  | $313,899                      | 1,635,406                         | 314,182                 | $8,685,096               |
Total governmental fund balances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total governmental fund balances</td>
<td>$ 7,212,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property taxes, fines and weedy lot receivables</td>
<td>515,317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital assets used in governmental activities</td>
<td>22,905,138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other noncurrent assets</td>
<td>179,539</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bonds and certificates payable</td>
<td>(10,353,042)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes payable</td>
<td>(3,913,401)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued interest payable</td>
<td>(118,724)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital leases payable</td>
<td>(116,052)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated absences</td>
<td>(173,611)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net assets of governmental activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net assets of governmental activities</td>
<td>$ 16,137,704</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
For the year ended September 30, 2010  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVENUES</th>
<th>General</th>
<th>Community Construction Projects Fund</th>
<th>2010 Capital Acquisition Fund</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>$7,105,667</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licenses and permits</td>
<td>9,813</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fines and forfeitures</td>
<td>402,318</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees and charges for services</td>
<td>308,136</td>
<td>1,847,562</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intergovernmental</td>
<td>156,826</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>5,352</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>834,289</td>
<td>1,600</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total revenues</td>
<td>8,822,401</td>
<td>1,849,162</td>
<td>2,197</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPENDITURES</th>
<th>Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General government</td>
<td>1,859,213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public safety</td>
<td>3,692,061</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public works</td>
<td>1,050,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public activities and recreation</td>
<td>1,192,124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural arts and public benefits</td>
<td>99,675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond issuance costs</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal retirement</td>
<td>334,719</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and fiscal charges</td>
<td>231,929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital outlay</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total expenditures</td>
<td>8,449,244</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debt issuance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total other financing sources (uses)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net change in fund balances |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,576,571</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund balances at end of year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$1,733,532</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2009 Capital Acquisition Fund</th>
<th>Community Development Corporation</th>
<th>Other Governmental Funds</th>
<th>Total Governmental Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$ 934,182</td>
<td>$ 607,080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9,813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>64,960</td>
<td>65,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,346</td>
<td>633</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>874</td>
<td>5,346</td>
<td>633</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>221,025</td>
<td>117,618</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>874</td>
<td>1,225,512</td>
<td>791,231</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>254,977</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,114,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,692,061</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,050,523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>412,553</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,594,677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>545,117</td>
<td>643,792</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>90,183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>219,512</td>
<td>217,500</td>
<td>771,731</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>172,299</td>
<td>80,182</td>
<td>484,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>821,888</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>157,600</td>
<td>3,969,151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>821,888</td>
<td>1,059,341</td>
<td>1,000,379</td>
<td>14,010,698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(821,014)</td>
<td>166,171</td>
<td>(209,148)</td>
<td>(1,319,321)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>290,327</td>
<td>510,232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(62,500)</td>
<td>(436,101)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>227,827</td>
<td>3,374,131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(821,014)</td>
<td>166,171</td>
<td>18,679</td>
<td>2,054,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,068,345</td>
<td>1,423,450</td>
<td>226,861</td>
<td>5,157,730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ 277,331</td>
<td>$ 1,589,621</td>
<td>$ 245,540</td>
<td>$ 7,212,540</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This page intentionally left blank.
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2009/2010 capital outlays is to increase net assets.

The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. transfers, adjustments, and dispositions) is to decrease net assets.

Depreciation is not recognized as an expense on the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.

Current year proceeds and payments on long-term debt are other financing sources and expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they serve to increase or reduce long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the current year, these amounts consist of:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proceeds of certificates</td>
<td>(3,300,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond and certificate principal retirement</td>
<td>462,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note payable principal retirement</td>
<td>266,340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital lease principal retirement</td>
<td>53,845</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Similarly, other revenues are not currently available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property taxes</td>
<td>47,032</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other revenues</td>
<td>(19,492)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net increase in debt issue costs</td>
<td>75,244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in accreted interest</td>
<td>(118,724)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decrease in bond premium</td>
<td>23,865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in compensated absences</td>
<td>(3,854)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change in net assets of governmental activities

$ (766,578)
# CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**September 30, 2010**

## ASSETS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Water and Sewer</th>
<th>Sanitation</th>
<th>Airport</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$1,435,316</td>
<td>$42,054</td>
<td>$41,803</td>
<td>$1,519,173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receivables (net)</td>
<td>982,596</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>46,375</td>
<td>1,029,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due from other funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>187,119</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>187,119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,271</td>
<td>17,196</td>
<td>19,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td>$2,418,012</td>
<td>$231,444</td>
<td>105,374</td>
<td>$2,754,830</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|               |                 |            |         |            |
| **Noncurrent assets** |               |            |         |            |
| Land and other assets not being depreciated | 357,155      | -          | 213,405 | 570,560    |
| Buildings, improvements, and equipment (net) | $12,308,016  | $2,536,982 | 869,602 | $15,714,600 |
| Deferred expenses (net) | 482,024       | 94,614     | -       | 576,638    |
| **Total noncurrent assets** | $13,147,195 | $2,631,596 | 1,083,007 | $16,861,798 |

| **Total assets** | $15,565,207 | $2,863,040 | 1,188,381 | $19,616,628 |

## LIABILITIES

|               |                 |            |         |            |
| **Current liabilities** |               |            |         |            |
| Accounts payable | 202,034        | 76,708     | 8,519   | 287,261    |
| Accrued expenses | 89,697         | 21,467     | 2,677   | 113,431    |
| Due to other funds | 200,675        | 42,000     | -       | 242,675    |
| Due to other governments | 55           | 13,596     | -       | 13,651     |
| Accrued interest payable | 9,671         | 5,819      | -       | 15,490     |
| Customer deposits | 496,902        | -          | 4,605   | 501,507    |
| Accrued compensated absences | 58,504        | 4,425      | 635     | 63,764     |
| Deferred revenue | -              | 178,692    | -       | 178,692    |
| Current portion of bonds and certificates payable | 1,205,000  | 225,000    | -       | 1,430,000  |
| **Total current liabilities** | $2,262,538 | $557,617   | 16,636  | $2,846,791 |

|               |                 |            |         |            |
| **Noncurrent liabilities** |               |            |         |            |
| Bonds and certificates payable (net) | 2,915,541   | 2,103,377  | -       | 5,018,918  |
| **Total noncurrent liabilities** | $2,915,541 | $2,103,377 | -       | $5,018,918 |

| **Total liabilities** | $5,178,079 | $2,670,944 | 16,636  | $7,865,659 |

## NET ASSETS

|               |                 |            |         |            |
| **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** | $8,544,630 | 208,605   | 1,083,007 | $9,836,242 |
| **Restricted for debt service** | 548,261 | -          | -       | 548,261    |
| **Unrestricted net assets** | 1,294,237   | (16,359)   | 88,738  | 1,366,416  |
| **Total net assets** | $10,387,128 | $192,046   | $1,171,745 | $11,750,919 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS  
PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
For the year ended September 30, 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
<th>Water and Sewer</th>
<th>Sanitation</th>
<th>Airport</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OPERATING REVENUES</td>
<td>$5,658,696</td>
<td>$2,176,550</td>
<td>$133,137</td>
<td>$7,968,383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charges for services</td>
<td>71,960</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>68,337</td>
<td>140,297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rents and miscellaneous fees</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>140,297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total operating revenues</td>
<td>$5,730,656</td>
<td>$2,176,550</td>
<td>$201,474</td>
<td>$8,108,680</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OPERATING EXPENSES</th>
<th>Water and sewer system</th>
<th>Sanitation</th>
<th>Airport</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water and sewer system</td>
<td>4,212,888</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,212,888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sanitation expenses</td>
<td>1,586,188</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,586,188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airport expenses</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>304,699</td>
<td>107,164</td>
<td>411,863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>767,225</td>
<td>282,991</td>
<td>107,164</td>
<td>1,177,382</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total operating expenses</td>
<td>$5,000,113</td>
<td>$1,869,179</td>
<td>$411,863</td>
<td>$7,281,155</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating income (loss) before nonoperating revenues (expenses) and contributions and transfers  
730,543 307,371 (210,389) 827,525 

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)  
Investment income  
4,304 174 - 4,478 
Miscellaneous income  
10,274 6,951 - 17,225 
Interest and fiscal charges  
(258,419) (83,800) - (342,219) 
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)  
(243,841) (76,675) - (320,516) 

Income (loss) before contributions and transfers  
486,702 230,695 (210,389) 507,009 

Contributions and transfers  
Capital contributions  
488,124 - 237,973 726,097 
Transfers in  
98,700 - 80,000 178,700 
Transfers out  
(252,831) - - (252,831) 
Total contributions and transfers  
333,993 - 317,973 651,966 

Change in net assets  
820,895 230,695 107,584 1,158,174 
Total net assets at beginning of year, as restated  
9,566,433 (38,650) 1,064,161 10,591,944 

Total net assets at end of year  
$10,387,128 $192,046 $1,171,745 $11,750,919 

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

21
## CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

For the year ended September 30, 2010

### Business-type Activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water and Sewer</th>
<th>Sanitation</th>
<th>Airport</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash received from customers</td>
<td>$5,722,336</td>
<td>$2,176,667</td>
<td>$199,377</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services</td>
<td>(2,132,668)</td>
<td>(1,447,239)</td>
<td>(185,081)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash paid to employees for services</td>
<td>(2,047,904)</td>
<td>(107,039)</td>
<td>(70,176)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash provided (used) by operating activities</strong></td>
<td>1,541,764</td>
<td>622,389</td>
<td>(55,880)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

| | | | |
| Transfers (to) from other funds | (154,131) | - | 80,000 | (74,131) |
| Borrowings (repayments) to other funds | 14,586 | (458,000) | - | (443,414) |
| Miscellaneous income (expense) | 10,274 | 6,951 | - | 17,225 |
| Increase (decrease) in customer deposits | 54,985 | - | 135 | 55,130 |
| **Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities** | (74,276) | (451,049) | 80,135 | (445,190) |

### CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

| | | | |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets | (106,248) | (600,411) | - | (706,659) |
| Principal paid on long-term debt | (1,195,000) | (217,500) | - | (1,412,500) |
| Interest paid | (133,921) | (74,085) | - | (207,986) |
| **Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities** | (1,435,169) | (891,976) | - | (2,327,145) |

### CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

| | | | |
| Investment income | 4,304 | 174 | - | 4,478 |
| **Net cash provided (used) by investing activities** | 4,304 | 174 | - | 4,478 |

| | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 36,623 | (720,462) | 24,255 | (659,584) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 1,398,693 | 762,516 | 17,548 | 2,178,757 |
| **Cash and cash equivalents at end of year** | $1,435,316 | $42,054 | $41,803 | $1,519,173 |
## RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Water and Sewer</th>
<th>Sanitation</th>
<th>Airport</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating income (loss)</td>
<td>730,543</td>
<td>307,371</td>
<td>(210,389)</td>
<td>827,525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortization</td>
<td>787,225</td>
<td>293,504</td>
<td>107,164</td>
<td>1,187,893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bad debt expense</td>
<td>30,922</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>20,909</td>
<td>51,831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes in assets and liabilities</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable</td>
<td>(8,320)</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>(2,099)</td>
<td>(5,419)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Increase) decrease in inventory</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(2,271)</td>
<td>22,992</td>
<td>20,721</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase (decrease) in accounts payable</td>
<td>8,956</td>
<td>(17,069)</td>
<td>6,518</td>
<td>(1,595)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>35,063</td>
<td>(207)</td>
<td>34,856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(3,634)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(3,634)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase (decrease) in compensated absences</td>
<td>(7,562)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(768)</td>
<td>(8,330)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total adjustments</td>
<td>811,221</td>
<td>315,018</td>
<td>154,509</td>
<td>1,280,748</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net cash provided (used) by operating activities</td>
<td>1,541,764</td>
<td>622,389</td>
<td>(55,880)</td>
<td>2,108,273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noncash capital and related financing activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets acquired from contributions</td>
<td>488,124</td>
<td></td>
<td>237,973</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.
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Notes to Financial Statements
CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2010

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Bay City, Texas (the "City") is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America, these financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of component units, which are other entities or organizations that are financially accountable to the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and as a result, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City considers the Bay City Community Development Corporation a blended component unit. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. Based on these considerations, the City's financial statements include the Bay City Gas Company as a discretely presented component unit. The City's blended component unit has a September 30 year-end and the City's discretely presented component unit has a March 31 year-end. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by GAAP. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally prescribed criteria under GAAP include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Unit

Bay City Community Development Corporation

The Bay City Community Development Corporation (the "Corporation") has been included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit. In 1994, the Corporation was created by the City under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, and developing commercial, industrial and manufacturing enterprises and to promote and encourage employment and public welfare within the City. The Board of Directors consists of seven members, four of which are appointed by the City Council. Services provided by the Corporation almost exclusively benefit the City in that the development of the area within the community increases the tax bases, resulting in additional tax revenue to the City. City Council approval is required for annual budgets and bonded debt issuance. In the event of dissolution, net assets of the Corporation shall be conveyed to the City. The operations of the Corporation are presented as a governmental fund type.
NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity - (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Bay City Gas Company

The Bay City Gas Company (the "Gas Company") has been included in the reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. The Gas Company provides for the distribution of natural gas services throughout the City, is controlled by a permanent three-person board, which was originally appointed by Victor LeTulle, who contributed the gas distribution system to the City in 1938. The board is comprised of two lifetime members with the City's mayor serving as the third member. The board is self-perpetuating with the lifetime members appointing their successors. The board is responsible for the daily operations and policies of the gas utility. The Gas Company is not separately incorporated and utilizes the City's municipal exemption from property, income and sales tax.

Historically, the Gas Company has made contributions from its profits to the City for capital improvements. Also included as part of these contributions are gas services to City facilities and volunteer firemen, which are not billed by the Gas Company. For the year ended March 31, 2010 these contributions totaled $404,000. Complete financial statements for the Gas Company may be obtained from its administrative offices.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.
C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Project Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The City has four Capital Project Funds, three of which have been reported as major funds. The Community Construction Projects Fund is used to account for the various construction projects within the City. The 2010 Capital Acquisition Fund is used to account for the proceeds and expenditures of the 2010 debt issue. Finally, the 2009 Capital Acquisition Fund is used to account for the expenditures related to the 2009 debt issue.

The Community Development Corporation accounts for the resources used to finance community and economic development projects within the City. The principal source of revenue of this fund are sales taxes.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations: 1) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.
NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the City related to its sewage treatment plant and water distribution system.

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sanitation service. The principal sources of revenues are charges to customers.

The Airport Fund accounts for the operation of the City's airport.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.
D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund using the same basis of accounting as for financial reporting. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. Expenditure requests, which would require an increase in the total budgeted appropriations must be approved by City Council through a formal budget amendment. At any time in the fiscal year, the Council may make emergency appropriations to meet a pressing need for public expenditure in order to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. The Council has the power to transfer any unencumbered funds allocated by the budget from one activity, function or department, to another activity function, or department, to re-estimate revenues and expenditures, and to amend the budget.

Management has the authority to transfer available funds allocated by the budget from one function or activity to another function or activity within the same department.

In cooperation with the department heads of the City, the City Finance Director prepares an annual budget for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund for the ensuing fiscal year, in a form and style as deemed desirable by Council. The budgets, as adopted must set forth the appropriations for services, functions, and activities of the various City departments and agencies, and shall meet all fund requirements provided by law and applicable bond covenants.

E. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this Act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit issued by a state or financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas which is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or otherwise secured; and certain repurchase agreements.

As of September 30, 2010, the City has adopted a formal investment policy.
NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as “due to/from other funds”. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances”.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property tax receivables include unpaid property taxes at year-end along with penalties and interest assessed on these unpaid taxes. The allowance on the unpaid property taxes is equal to 10% of the outstanding property taxes and the allowance on the penalties and interest is equal to 70% of the assessed amount.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Estimated cost is used when actual cost figures are not available. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods. These payments are reported as deferred expenditures (governmental funds) or prepaid expenses (proprietary funds) in the fund financial statements and as deferred expenditures/expenses in the government-wide financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statement of net assets. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than $5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest is capitalized on capital assets of business-type activities when acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred during the period of construction until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvements other than buildings</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and wastewater distribution system</td>
<td>25-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machinery and equipment</td>
<td>5-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public domain infrastructure</td>
<td>25-50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
I. Compensated Absences

The City allows twelve days sick leave per year for each full-time employee and further allows each employee to accumulate an unlimited number of days of sick leave. Upon termination, there is no provision to pay the employee for accumulated sick days.

The City's employees earn vacation which may be either taken or accumulated, up to certain amounts. Only earned leave is paid upon termination or retirement. A liability for this amount is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

All compensated absences pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and in proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Losses or gains on refunding are capitalized and amortized over the shorter life of the new issuance or the life on existing debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance, if any, represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Compliance

There were seven departments where expenditures exceeded the amount appropriated during the fiscal year 2009-2010.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Fund - Department</th>
<th>Final Budget</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Negative Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City secretary</td>
<td>$ 115,365</td>
<td>$ 134,561</td>
<td>$ (19,196)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration and council</td>
<td>187,548</td>
<td>194,368</td>
<td>(6,820)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal court</td>
<td>228,485</td>
<td>246,684</td>
<td>(18,200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police</td>
<td>3,382,324</td>
<td>3,453,801</td>
<td>(71,477)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City service center</td>
<td>56,629</td>
<td>63,851</td>
<td>(7,222)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library</td>
<td>267,570</td>
<td>282,363</td>
<td>(14,793)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service principal</td>
<td>324,719</td>
<td>334,719</td>
<td>(10,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These expenditures were funded by an available fund balance in the General Fund.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the City's and the depository bank's agent bank. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of FDIC insurance.

As of September 30, 2010, the City had the following investments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investment Type</th>
<th>Amortized Cost</th>
<th>Weighted Average Maturity (Days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Funds Investment Pool</td>
<td>$ 5,403,796</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pool operates in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2(a)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Instead, the regulatory oversight for the pool is the State of Texas. The pool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. TexPool's weighted average maturity cannot exceed 60 days.
NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk

The investment pool operates in full compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to the City by the depository in an amount equal to at least 110 percent of the carrying value of deposits held. During the fiscal year and at year-end, all deposits held in the depository bank were fully collateralized and therefore the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's investments are invested in TexPool and it has no custodial credit risk.
### NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2010, consist of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Community Projects</th>
<th>Water and Sewer</th>
<th>Airport Fund</th>
<th>Nonmajor Funds</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nonmajor Funds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross receivables:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nonmajor Funds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>$68,189</td>
<td>$243,473</td>
<td>$1,030,968</td>
<td>Nonmajor Funds</td>
<td>$1,404,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ad valorem taxes</td>
<td>771,850</td>
<td>11,053</td>
<td></td>
<td>782,903</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franchise taxes</td>
<td>60,733</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>60,733</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>2,374</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30,218</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total gross receivables</td>
<td>903,146</td>
<td>243,473</td>
<td>1,030,968</td>
<td>61,760</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: allowances</td>
<td>265,372</td>
<td>48,272</td>
<td>15,385</td>
<td>2,214</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net receivables</td>
<td>$637,774</td>
<td>$243,473</td>
<td>$982,696</td>
<td>46,375</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The City's governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Unavailable</th>
<th>Unearned</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ad valorem taxes</td>
<td>$506,478</td>
<td></td>
<td>$506,478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Service Fund</td>
<td>8,839</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$515,317</td>
<td></td>
<td>$515,317</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The City's property taxes are levied annually on October 1^st^ on the basis of the Appraisal District's assessed values as of January 1^st^ of that calendar year. Appraised values are established by the Appraisal District at market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value. The City's property taxes are billed and collected by the Matagorda County Tax Office and are due and payable on January 31^st^ of the subsequent calendar year. Such taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied and become delinquent with an enforceable lien on the property on January 1^st^ of the subsequent calendar year.

For the current year, the City levied property taxes of $0.52934 per $100 of assessed valuation, for maintenance and operations, $0.49334 and interest and sinking, $0.030. The resulting adjusted total tax levy was $3,421,270 on the total adjusted taxable valuation of $846,327,508 for the 2009 tax roll.
**NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City's capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2010, was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capital assets, not being depreciated</th>
<th>Beginning Balance</th>
<th>Increases</th>
<th>Decreases</th>
<th>Ending Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$ 1,731,627</td>
<td>$ 142,810</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 1,874,437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction in progress</td>
<td>636,634</td>
<td>925,350</td>
<td>280,686</td>
<td>1,181,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital assets not being depreciated</td>
<td>2,368,261</td>
<td>1,068,160</td>
<td>280,686</td>
<td>3,056,735</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capital assets, being depreciated</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Machinery and equipment</td>
<td>5,746,915</td>
<td>406,411</td>
<td>219,937</td>
<td>5,933,389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>7,965,189</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,965,189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td>22,702,343</td>
<td>280,686</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>22,983,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total capital assets being depreciated</td>
<td>36,407,417</td>
<td>687,097</td>
<td>219,937</td>
<td>36,874,577</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Less accumulated depreciation for

| Machinery and equipment              | 3,768,484         | 389,819   | 219,600   | 3,936,703      |
| Buildings                            | 2,330,438         | 429,534   | -         | 2,759,972      |
| Infrastructure                       | 9,363,454         | 963,045   | -         | 10,326,499     |
| Total accumulated depreciation       | 15,462,376        | 1,782,398 | 219,600   | 17,025,174     |

Total capital assets being depreciated, net $20,945,041 $(1,095,301) 337 19,849,403

Governmental activities capital assets, net $23,213,302 $(27,141) 281,023 $22,905,138

**Business-type activities**

Capital assets, not being depreciated

| Land                                 | $ 381,117         | $ -       | $ -       | $ 381,117      |
| Construction in progress             | 924,139           | 189,443   | 924,139   | 189,443        |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 1,305,256      | 189,443   | 924,139   | 1,705,606      |

Capital assets, being depreciated

| Machinery and equipment              | 5,847,425         | 205,753   | 81,916    | 5,971,262      |
| Buildings and improvements           | 819,423           | 200,939   | -         | 1,020,362      |
| Infrastructure                       | 22,358,491        | 1,228,661 | -         | 23,587,152     |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 29,025,339      | 1,635,353 | 81,916    | 30,578,776     |

Less accumulated depreciation for

| Machinery and equipment              | 2,648,910         | 368,670   | 81,916    | 2,935,564      |
| Buildings and improvements           | 366,205           | 173,397   | -         | 539,602        |
| Infrastructure                       | 10,753,597        | 635,413   | -         | 11,389,010     |
| Total accumulated depreciation       | 13,768,712        | 1,177,360 | 81,916    | 14,864,175     |

Total capital assets being depreciated, net $15,256,627 457,973 $14,808,650

Business-type activities capital assets, net $16,661,883 647,416 $16,264,460
NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities
- General government $ 21,009
- Public safety 137,829
- Public works 1,288,394
- Public activities and recreation 335,166
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities $1,782,398

Business-type activities
- Water and sewer $ 787,225
- Sanitation 282,991
- Airport 107,164
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities $1,177,380

NOTE 6: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit which is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and the City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Members can retire at age 60 and above with five or more years of service or with twenty years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after five years.
NOTE 6: EMPLOYEES’ RETIREMENT PLAN - (Continued)

B. Contributions

The contribution rate for the employees is 5%, and the City matching percent is currently 2 to 1, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the actuary annually determines the City contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded actuarial liability over the remainder of the plan's 25-year amortization period. The unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the City contribution rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect (i.e., December 31, 2007, valuation is effective for rates beginning January 2009).

C. Annual Pension Cost

For the employer’s fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, the annual pension cost for the TMRS plan for its employees was $635,670, and the actual contributions were $635,670. The net pension obligation at the beginning and end of the fiscal year was zero.

D. Actuarial Valuation Information

Following is a tabular summary of actuarial valuation information for the December 31, 2009, December 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, valuation dates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actuarial Valuation Information</th>
<th>12/31/07</th>
<th>12/31/08</th>
<th>12/31/09</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial cost method</td>
<td>projected unit credit</td>
<td>projected unit credit</td>
<td>Projected unit credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization method</td>
<td>level percent of payroll</td>
<td>level percent of payroll</td>
<td>level percent of payroll</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization period in years</td>
<td>30 - closed</td>
<td>29 - closed</td>
<td>28 - closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset valuation method</td>
<td>amortized cost</td>
<td>amortized cost</td>
<td>10-year smoothed market</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment return</td>
<td>7.00%</td>
<td>7.50%</td>
<td>7.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Projected salary increases</td>
<td>varies by age and service</td>
<td>varies by age and service</td>
<td>varies by age and service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inflation</td>
<td>3.00%</td>
<td>3.00%</td>
<td>3.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of living adjustments</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E. Trend Information

Information for the three most recent actuarial valuations for the TMRS plan follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year Ended September 30</th>
<th>Annual Pension Cost (APC)</th>
<th>Percentage of APC Contributed</th>
<th>Net Pension Obligation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>$635,570</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>529,444</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>489,207</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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NOTE 6: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN - (Continued)

E. Trend Information - (Continued)

Schedule of Funding Progress

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Actuarial Valuation Date</th>
<th>Actuarial Value of Assets (AAL)</th>
<th>Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)</th>
<th>Unfunded AAL</th>
<th>Funded Covered of Payroll</th>
<th>Annual Covered Payroll</th>
<th>UAAL as of Percentage of Covered Payroll</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12/31/09</td>
<td>$11,981,037</td>
<td>$17,718,960</td>
<td>$5,737,923</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,061,315</td>
<td>94.66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/31/08</td>
<td>$11,436,920</td>
<td>16,659,204</td>
<td>5,222,284</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,501,961</td>
<td>94.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/31/07</td>
<td>$11,446,750</td>
<td>16,546,570</td>
<td>5,097,820</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,436,124</td>
<td>93.78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/31/06</td>
<td>$11,966,670</td>
<td>15,066,481</td>
<td>3,099,811</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,851,045</td>
<td>63.90%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All assumptions for the December 31, 2009 valuations are contained in the 2009 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 143153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153.

NOTE 7: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1st of any year to be effective the following January 1st.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for $7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit", or OPEB.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retired term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2010, 2009, and 2008 were $20,907, $21,214, and $20,657, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE 8: TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

The Fire Fighter's Pension Commissioner is the administrator of the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS), a cost sharing multiple-employer pension system established and administered by the State of Texas (the "State") to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. TESRS is considered a component unit of the State of Texas financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. At August 31, 2010, there were 198 members of fire or emergency services departments participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a participating department.
At August 31, 2010, TESRS membership consisted of:

- Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits: 2,152
- Terminated Participants Entitled to Benefits but not yet receiving them: 2,105
- Active Participants (vested and nonvested): 4,359

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS, and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005) recodified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50% vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing 10% for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100% vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percent multiplied by six times the governing body’s average monthly contribution over the member’s years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2% compounded annually.

On and off duty death benefits and on duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount and continuing monthly payments to a member’s surviving spouse and dependent children.

Funding Policy

Contribution provisions were originally established by Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977) and were amended by board rule in 2006. No contributions are required by individual members of participating departments. The governing bodies of participating departments are required to contribute at least the minimum prescribed amount per month for each active member and may contribute more. Additional contributions may be made by a governing body to pay for granting credit for service before the department began participating in TESRS (prior service). The State may also be required to make annual contributions up to a limited amount to make TESRS actuarially sound.

Annual Required Contributions

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by board rule. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010, total contributions (dues and prior services) of $2,875,103 were paid into TESRS by the political subdivisions served by the member volunteer emergency services personnel. The State did not appropriate any maximum State contribution for the fiscal years ending August 31, 2010 and 2011. Total contributions made were equal to the contributions required by the State statute and equal to the contributions required based on the August 31, 2008 actuarial valuation.
NOTE 8: TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - (Continued)

Annual Required Contributions - (Continued)

The purpose of the biennial actuarial valuation is to test the adequacy of the contribution arrangement to determine if it is adequate to pay the benefits that are promised. The actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2010, revealed the adequacy of the expected contributions from the political subdivisions (dues and prior service contributions) together with the actual State appropriations for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010 ($502,941 to help pay the System’s administrative expenses) and with the assumed continuation of legislative appropriations of 1) the maximum State contribution amount in future years as is necessary for the TESRS to have a 30-year amortization period, and 2) approximately $500,000 each year to help pay for TESRS’s administrative expenses. Expected contributions for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2011, are less than the contributions required because of the lag in time between an actuarial valuation that shows the need for maximum State contribution amounts and the appropriation process.

Without the expected future annual contributions from the State, the System would have an inadequate contribution arrangement.

Actuarial Valuation Information

Following is a tabular summary of actuarial valuation information for the August 31, 2010 and August 31, 2008, valuation dates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actuarial Valuation Information</th>
<th>8/31/08</th>
<th>8/31/10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial cost method</td>
<td>entry age</td>
<td>entry age</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization method</td>
<td>level dollar, open</td>
<td>level dollar, open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization period in years</td>
<td>6 years</td>
<td>30 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset valuation method</td>
<td>market value smoothed by a 5-year deferred recognition method with a 90% - 110% corridor on market value</td>
<td>market value smoothed by a 5-year deferred recognition method with an 80% - 120% corridor on market value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment return</td>
<td>8.00%, net of expenses</td>
<td>7.75%, net of expenses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Projected salary increases</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inflation</td>
<td>3.50%</td>
<td>3.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of living adjustment</td>
<td>none</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actuarial Valuation Date</th>
<th>Actuarial Value of Assets</th>
<th>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age</th>
<th>Unfunded AAL (UAAL)</th>
<th>Funded Ratio</th>
<th>Total Members Covered</th>
<th>UAAL per Member Covered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8/31/2006</td>
<td>$42,288,605</td>
<td>$58,082,828</td>
<td>$15,814,523</td>
<td>72.8%</td>
<td>8,061</td>
<td>$1,962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8/31/2008</td>
<td>60,987,157</td>
<td>64,227,341</td>
<td>3,240,184</td>
<td>95.0%</td>
<td>8,254</td>
<td>393</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8/31/2010</td>
<td>64,113,803</td>
<td>79,953,215</td>
<td>15,839,412</td>
<td>80.2%</td>
<td>8,708</td>
<td>1,819</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1 The actuarial accrued liability is based upon the entry age actuarial cost method
2 Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods, as well as benefit and contribution provisions, were first reflected in this valuation.
3 Changes in actuarial assumptions were reflected in this valuation.
NOTE 8: TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM - (Continued)

Required Supplementary Information - (Continued)

State contributions to the City's plan for the fiscal year 2010 has been deemed insignificant to the financial statements. Therefore, no amounts have been recognized as revenues and expenditures during the period.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year Ending August 31</th>
<th>Annual Required Contributions</th>
<th>Actual Contributions</th>
<th>Percentage Contributed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$ 3,160,764$</td>
<td>$ 11,239,339$</td>
<td>356%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>2,698,271$</td>
<td>2,698,271$</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>2,875,103$</td>
<td>2,875,103$</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1 Includes a state contribution of $8,800,000.
2 Based on the August 31, 2006, actuarial valuation.
3 Based on the August 31, 2008, actuarial valuation.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss encompassed in the areas of general liabilities, workers' compensation claims, and employee health related expenses. The City has purchased general liability and workers' compensation insurance to cover potential losses in those areas. The City has entered into interlocal agreements with the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool for general liability and workers' compensation coverage. Through the payment of contributions to the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool, the City has transferred these risks to the pool. The City has not retained any risks other than the deductible and is covered up to the limits of coverage after the deductible. Settlements of claims did not exceed insurance coverage for any of the past three years.

The City has also entered into an interlocal agreement with the Texas Municipal League Group Benefits Risk Pool for health insurance for its employees. The City pays the health care premiums for City employees. Employees have the option of paying dependent coverage via payroll deductions. The City has no liability for any claims incurred by participants in this plan.
## NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT

### A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2010, was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Beginning Balance</th>
<th>Additions</th>
<th>Reductions</th>
<th>Ending Balance</th>
<th>Due Within One Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Governmental activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds and certificates payable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General obligation bonds</td>
<td>$4,920,000</td>
<td>- $2,500,000</td>
<td>$119,427</td>
<td>$4,675,000</td>
<td>$255,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of obligation</td>
<td>2,500,000</td>
<td>3,300,000</td>
<td>217,500</td>
<td>5,582,500</td>
<td>295,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond premium</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>23,885</td>
<td>95,542</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total bonds and certificates payable</td>
<td>$7,539,427</td>
<td>3,300,000</td>
<td>486,385</td>
<td>10,353,042</td>
<td>550,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes payable</td>
<td>4,179,741</td>
<td>- 266,340</td>
<td>3,913,401</td>
<td></td>
<td>230,038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital leases</td>
<td>169,897</td>
<td>- 53,845</td>
<td>116,052</td>
<td></td>
<td>56,586</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated absences</td>
<td>169,757</td>
<td>3,854</td>
<td></td>
<td>173,611</td>
<td>173,811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total governmental activity long-term liabilities</td>
<td>$12,058,822</td>
<td>$3,303,854</td>
<td>$806,570</td>
<td>$14,556,106</td>
<td>$1,010,233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Beginning Balance</th>
<th>Additions</th>
<th>Reductions</th>
<th>Ending Balance</th>
<th>Due Within One Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Business-type activities</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonds and certificates payable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General obligation bonds</td>
<td>$5,220,000</td>
<td>- $1,195,000</td>
<td>$266,340</td>
<td>$4,025,000</td>
<td>$1,205,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of obligation</td>
<td>2,500,000</td>
<td>- 217,500</td>
<td>2,262,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>225,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bond premium</td>
<td>59,974</td>
<td>114,329</td>
<td>23,885</td>
<td>141,418</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total bonds and certificates payable</td>
<td>$7,770,974</td>
<td>114,329</td>
<td>1,436,385</td>
<td>6,448,918</td>
<td>1,430,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensated absences</td>
<td>67,669</td>
<td>- 3,905</td>
<td>63,764</td>
<td>63,764</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total business-type activity long-term liabilities</td>
<td>$7,838,643</td>
<td>$114,329</td>
<td>$1,440,290</td>
<td>$6,512,882</td>
<td>$1,493,764</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>Original Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2004 - 2024</td>
<td>3.00% - 4.50%</td>
<td>$6,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds - (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation refunding bonds are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$ 255,000</td>
<td>$ 196,068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>265,000</td>
<td>185,230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>275,000</td>
<td>173,305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>285,000</td>
<td>160,930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>295,000</td>
<td>150,812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-2020</td>
<td>1,675,000</td>
<td>572,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021-2025</td>
<td>1,625,000</td>
<td>184,693</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$ 4,675,000</td>
<td>$ 1,623,348</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation

The City also issues combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation (C.O.'s) to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax and further payable from a junior and subordinate pledge of the net revenues of the City's water and sewer system. The C.O.'s have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. C.O.'s currently outstanding are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
<th>Original Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Obligation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009 Series</td>
<td>3.00% - 3.50%</td>
<td>$ 2,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010 Series</td>
<td>4.50%</td>
<td>3,300,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of obligation are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Governmental Activities</th>
<th>Business-type Activities</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>Principal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$ 295,000</td>
<td>$ 270,038</td>
<td>$ 225,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>340,000</td>
<td>211,238</td>
<td>230,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>352,500</td>
<td>199,397</td>
<td>237,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>365,000</td>
<td>187,088</td>
<td>245,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>377,500</td>
<td>173,338</td>
<td>252,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-2020</td>
<td>1,822,500</td>
<td>553,912</td>
<td>1,092,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021-2025</td>
<td>905,000</td>
<td>378,675</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2026-2030</td>
<td>1,125,000</td>
<td>156,375</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$ 5,582,500</td>
<td>$ 2,231,651</td>
<td>$ 2,282,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Notes Payable

The City has entered into a note payable agreement with Prosperity Bank. The proceeds from this note payable were used to renovate the 16th Street Swimming Pool. Annual installments on this note are $53,266 with a maturity date of 2017. The note bears interest at 5.074% and has an outstanding balance of $307,296 at September 30, 2010. The City has entered into an inter-local agreement with the Bay City Independent School District, in which the Bay City Independent School District is responsible for paying $16,000 annually of the required installments.

The City has also entered into a note payable agreement with Prosperity Bank. The proceeds of this note were used to purchase various technology equipment. This note bears interest of 5.4%, monthly payments of $1,377, and a maturity date of 2016. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2010 was $65,941. The General Fund is responsible for servicing this debt.

The City entered into a note agreement with Wells Fargo Bank. The proceeds from this note were used to renovate a training facility. Quarterly installments on this note total $97,953. The note bears interest of 4.71% and the outstanding balance at September 30, 2010 was $3,520,163. The Community Development Corporation, a blended component unit of the City, is responsible for servicing this debt.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes payable are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Principal</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$280,139</td>
<td>$183,289</td>
<td>$463,428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>293,738</td>
<td>169,782</td>
<td>463,520</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>307,598</td>
<td>155,617</td>
<td>463,615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>322,048</td>
<td>140,764</td>
<td>463,812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>338,627</td>
<td>125,192</td>
<td>463,819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-2020</td>
<td>1,715,470</td>
<td>374,387</td>
<td>2,089,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021-2025</td>
<td>654,481</td>
<td>31,187</td>
<td>685,668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>$3,913,401</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,180,218</strong></td>
<td><strong>$5,093,619</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Capital Leases

The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of a fire truck. The capital lease is paid by the General Fund.

The following is a summary of future lease payments due on the fire truck:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Principal</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$56,586</td>
<td>$5,907</td>
<td>$62,493</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>59,468</td>
<td>3,027</td>
<td>62,493</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>116,052</strong></td>
<td><strong>9,934</strong></td>
<td><strong>124,986</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

43
A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the City were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund. Interfund receivable and payable balances as of September 30, 2010, were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receivable Fund</th>
<th>Payable Fund</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>Major Business-type</td>
<td>$42,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonmajor Governmental</td>
<td>Major Business-type</td>
<td>13,556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Business-type</td>
<td>Major Business-type</td>
<td>187,119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>$242,675</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Interfund Transfers

Each year various funds of the City transfer funds to other funds. The most significant of these are the planned transfers from the City’s enterprise funds to specified governmental funds. These transfers are intended to provide the necessary resources to meet the operating and debt service obligations of the receiving funds. During the current fiscal year, transfers between funds consisted of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Transfers Out</th>
<th>General Projects and Sewer</th>
<th>Airport</th>
<th>Nonmajor</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transfers In</td>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>Water and Sewer Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$98,700</td>
<td>$80,000</td>
<td>$112,641</td>
<td>$291,341</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonmajor Govt.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>62,500</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>62,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010 Capital Acq.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>82,260</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>82,260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and Sower</td>
<td>75,145</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>177,866</td>
<td>252,831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>$75,145</strong></td>
<td><strong>$144,760</strong></td>
<td><strong>$98,700</strong></td>
<td><strong>$80,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>$290,327</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

44
NOTE 12: RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED STATEMENTS

There were various restatements made to the beginning balances of the governmental activities. The net effect of the restatement resulted in an increase in the beginning net assets of $348,594. The restatement was necessary to correctly reflect various allowance for uncollectible accounts, recording of receivables not previously reported and correcting the beginning balance of accrued salaries in the governmental activities. In addition, the beginning balance of net assets was also restated in the business-type activities to correctly reflect the amounts recorded as accrued salaries in the previous year. This restatement caused a decrease in the beginning balance of $17,532.

NOTE 13: ISSUED BUT NON-EFFECTIVE PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," (the "Statement") was issued in February 2009. The Statement eliminates the requirement to report governmental fund balances as reserved, unreserved, or designated. It replaces those categories with five possible classifications of governmental fund balances—nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The Statement also redefines the governmental funds for clarity and to be consistent with these new fund balance classifications. The provisions of the Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2010.

NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The combined financial statements of Bay City Gas Company (A Component Unit of the City of Bay City, Texas) (the "Company") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Company is a component unit of the City of Bay City, Texas, and designated profits are used for capital improvements of the City. The Company is a single purpose government engaged in a business-type activity. The Company has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity since no entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent upon them. The Board of Trustees consists of the current Mayor of the City of Bay City, Texas, and two lifetime members. The surviving life trustee appoints new members. The Board of Trustees has the authority to significantly influence operations and to hire management. They are responsible and accountable for all fiscal matters.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus

Governments engaged in a single business-type activity present only the enterprise fund financial statements, as they would only mirror the government-wide statements. The required statements under GASB No. 34 are the statement of net assets, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets, and statement of cash flows.
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus - (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Company is a single purpose government and has only one fund to report, the Utility Fund, which is an enterprise fund.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

When the Company incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the Company's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The Company has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

3. Financial Statement Accounts
   a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

   For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

   b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

   The Company records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory.

   Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.
A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

3. Financial Statement Accounts - (Continued)

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of $1,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Class</th>
<th>Estimated Useful Lives</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Utility system</td>
<td>20-40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture and fixtures</td>
<td>7-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicles</td>
<td>5-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment</td>
<td>3-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

d. Receivable and Payable Balances

The Company believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances. The accounts receivable have been reduced by $31,771 in allowance for uncollectible accounts.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year-end.

e. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

4. Budgetary Data

Although proprietary funds are not required to adopt an annual budget, the Company has chosen to prepare and adopt annual budgets to aid in planning and monitoring of its activities. There were some insignificant variances in budget to actual as shown in the supplementary schedule. The Company does not adopt amounts to be distributed to the City annually.

B. Deposits and Investments

The Company’s funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the Company’s agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect Company funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank’s dollar amount of FDIC insurance.
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Cash Deposits:

At March 31, 2010, the carrying amount of the Company’s deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was $992,956 and the bank balance was $1,064,109. The Company’s cash deposits at March 31, 2010 and during the year ended March 31, 2010, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the Company’s agent bank in the Company’s name.

Investments:

The Company is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written: primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity, address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity’s funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Public Funds Investment Act (the “Act”) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the Company adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the Company were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments, which are allowable for the Company. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) money market savings accounts, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) common trust funds.

The Company’s investments at March 31, 2010 are shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investment or Investment Type</th>
<th>Maturity</th>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Fair Value</th>
<th>% of Portfolio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Deposit - Participating</td>
<td>&lt; 1 year</td>
<td>FDIC</td>
<td>$489,874</td>
<td>33.46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Deposit - Nonparticipating</td>
<td>&lt; 1 year</td>
<td>FDIC</td>
<td>406,036</td>
<td>27.74%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Home Loan Bank</td>
<td>&gt; 5 years</td>
<td>Aaa</td>
<td>93,313</td>
<td>6.78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Home Loan Mortgage</td>
<td>&gt; 5 years</td>
<td>Aaa</td>
<td>100,290</td>
<td>6.85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal National Mortgage Assn</td>
<td>&gt; 5 years</td>
<td>Aaa</td>
<td>98,281</td>
<td>6.76%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indiana Michigan Power Co Notes</td>
<td>&gt; 5 years</td>
<td>Bbb</td>
<td>42,891</td>
<td>2.93%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GE Cap Corp Sr Notes</td>
<td>&gt; 5 years</td>
<td>Aa+</td>
<td>75,950</td>
<td>5.19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNMA Pool</td>
<td>&gt; 5 years</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,383</td>
<td>0.37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caterpillar Fin Svcs Group</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td></td>
<td>102,686</td>
<td>7.01%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UBS Ag Pfdtr IV</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Bbb</td>
<td>42,250</td>
<td>2.89%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Investments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,463,954</td>
<td>100.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Included in Cash:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investment or Investment Type</th>
<th>Maturity</th>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>Fair Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TexPool</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Aaa</td>
<td>$857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UBS Money Market Funds</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Aaa</td>
<td>848,204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edward Jones Money Market Funds</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Aaam</td>
<td>451,732</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,300,793</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the Company was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year-end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

1. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. The Company policy is to exercise judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, that persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment, considering the probable safety of principal as well as the probable income to be derived. The ratings for investments owned at year-end are included in the table above.

2. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. It is Company policy to diversify investments based on maturity and type of instrument. The Company policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At year end, the Company had several investments in excess of 5% as shown in the table above.

3. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Company limits its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution. It restricts maturities to three years on certificates of deposit, ninety days on money market mutual funds, less than two years on most other investments, with the exception of obligation of governmental entities or their agencies, which can be up to thirty years.

Investment Accounting Policy

The Company's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas (the "Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The Company's investments in the Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool is a 2a7-like pool governed by the State Comptroller of Public Accounts.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2010, was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Beginning Balances</th>
<th>Increases</th>
<th>Decreases</th>
<th>Ending Balances</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Business-type activities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction in progress</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$17,790</td>
<td>$13,058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total capital assets not being depreciated</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$17,790</td>
<td>$13,058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital assets, being depreciated:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility plant</td>
<td>2,076,325</td>
<td>13,058</td>
<td>8,860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings and improvements</td>
<td>522,800</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment</td>
<td>590,181</td>
<td>26,733</td>
<td>240,634</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicles</td>
<td>144,737</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meters and regulators</td>
<td>729,755</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>729,755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total capital assets being depreciated</strong></td>
<td>4,053,798</td>
<td>39,791</td>
<td>979,249</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less accumulated depreciation for:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility plant</td>
<td>(1,123,043)</td>
<td>(51,691)</td>
<td>(1,002)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings and improvements</td>
<td>(259,050)</td>
<td>(13,240)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment</td>
<td>(256,418)</td>
<td>(19,418)</td>
<td>(67,152)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicles</td>
<td>(89,228)</td>
<td>(13,203)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meters and regulators</td>
<td>(475,755)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(475,755)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total accumulated depreciation</strong></td>
<td>(2,183,561)</td>
<td>(97,552)</td>
<td>(543,919)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total capital assets being depreciated, net</strong></td>
<td>1,880,237</td>
<td>(57,761)</td>
<td>436,330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Business-type activities capital assets, net</strong></td>
<td>$1,880,237</td>
<td>$(39,971)</td>
<td>$(448,388)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

C. Capital Assets - (Continued)

Depreciation of $97,552 was charged to the only function of providing natural gas.

D. Risk Management

The Company is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the Company purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

E. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The Company provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees by participating in the City of Bay City’s non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan with the statewide TMRS, an agent, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the Company are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

Since the Company participates with the City of Bay City, information related to the actuarial valuation of assets, accrued liability, funded ratio, unfunded liability, covered payroll and unfunded actuarial liability as a percentage of covered payroll is included in the totals for the City of Bay City, Texas. This information may be obtained by writing the City of Bay City, Texas, 1901 5th Street, Bay City, Texas 77414.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS’s website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Company, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the Company were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plan Year</th>
<th>Plan Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee deposit rate</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matching ratio (Company to employee)</td>
<td>2 to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Years required for vesting</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service retirement eligibility</td>
<td>60/5, 0/25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(expressed as age/years of service)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Updated Service Credit</td>
<td>100% Repeating, Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annuity Increase</td>
<td>70% of CPI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(to retirees)</td>
<td>Repeating</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

E. Pension Plan - (Continued)

2. Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each Company is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that Company. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The Company contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the Company make contributions monthly. Since the Company needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2009 were determined as part of the December 31, 2006 and 2007 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2008, also follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valuation Date</th>
<th>12/31/2006</th>
<th>12/31/2007</th>
<th>12/31/2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial Cost Method</td>
<td>Unit Credit</td>
<td>Projected Unit Credit</td>
<td>Projected Unit Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization Method</td>
<td>Level % of Payroll</td>
<td>Level % of Payroll</td>
<td>Level % of Payroll</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining Amortization Period</td>
<td>25 years, open period</td>
<td>30 years, open period</td>
<td>29 years, open period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Valuation Method</td>
<td>Amort cost</td>
<td>Amort cost</td>
<td>Amort cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial Assumptions:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment Rate of Return *</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Projected Salary Increases *</td>
<td>Varies by age and service</td>
<td>Varies by age and service</td>
<td>Varies by age and service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>* Includes Inflation at</td>
<td>3.00%</td>
<td>3.00%</td>
<td>3.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost-of-Living Adjustments</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The current rate is 11.19% of annual covered payroll. The Company's contributions to the TMRS for the years ending March 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were $47,328, $50,337 and $45,081, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

F. Health Care Coverage

During the year ended March 31, 2010, employees of the Company were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The Company paid premiums of $501 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Company and the third party administrator is renewable July 1, 2010, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

G. Health Reimbursement Arrangement

In an effort to keep health insurance premiums at a reasonable level, the Company chose to go with a higher deductible plan at $4,000 per employee. As a result of the higher deductible, they established a health reimbursement arrangement under Section 105 of the Internal Revenue Code in which they contribute an actuarial determined amount per month to be used to meet an employee's deductible beyond the first $1,000 and up to the $4,000 deductible. The Plan may be terminated by the Company at any time with any excess contributions reverting back to the Company. The Plan is administered independently of the Company by Total Administrative Services Corporation.

H. Restricted Assets

Cash has been restricted for the payment of customer deposits.

I. Nonmonetary Transactions

It is Company policy to donate gas consumed by City owned property and a fixed amount for volunteer firemen. At March 31, 2010, the amount of gas at retail prices consumed by City property was $32,369 and the fixed amount donated to the City on behalf of the volunteer firemen amounted to $17,550 for total donated gas of $49,919.

J. Change in Accounting Policy

The Company has changed its accounting policy from depreciating meters, regulators and transponders to placing them in inventory and expensing them once they are placed in the system. The Company feels the cost of the meters, regulators, and transponders individually do not meet the capitalization threshold. Furthermore, they are pulled from the system, repaired and/or replaced on a routine basis making it difficult to track for capitalization purposes.

As a result of the change in accounting policy, capital assets were written down $963,750 and related accumulated depreciation was written down $534,021. The net result of $429,729 is recorded as prior period adjustment.
NOTE 14: BAY CITY GAS COMPANY - (Continued)

K. Prior Period Adjustment

The statute of limitations has run on a disputed accounts payable bill from 2003 with Cleco Corporation. As a result, a prior period adjustment of $81,006 has been made to the current year equity.

As noted in footnote J, a prior period adjustment of $429,729 has been made to equity as the result of a change in accounting policy for meters, regulators and transponders.
Required Supplementary Information
## CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVENUES</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Original</td>
<td>Final</td>
<td>Actual</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>(Negative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ad valorem taxes</td>
<td>$3,175,000</td>
<td>$3,175,000</td>
<td>$3,179,174</td>
<td>4,174</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other taxes</td>
<td>4,090,000</td>
<td>3,952,500</td>
<td>3,926,493</td>
<td>(26,007)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licenses and permits</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>9,813</td>
<td>-113</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fines and forfeitures</td>
<td>292,000</td>
<td>397,500</td>
<td>402,318</td>
<td>4,818</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees and charges for services</td>
<td>326,200</td>
<td>353,700</td>
<td>308,136</td>
<td>(45,564)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intergovernmental</td>
<td>71,212</td>
<td>131,454</td>
<td>156,828</td>
<td>25,372</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,362</td>
<td>6,352</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>724,870</td>
<td>769,670</td>
<td>834,289</td>
<td>64,619</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,662,782</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,789,524</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,822,401</strong></td>
<td><strong>32,877</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPENDITURES</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General government</td>
<td>1,805,040</td>
<td>1,925,578</td>
<td>1,859,213</td>
<td>66,365</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public safety</td>
<td>3,530,438</td>
<td>3,630,814</td>
<td>3,692,061</td>
<td>(61,247)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public works</td>
<td>1,048,492</td>
<td>1,090,455</td>
<td>1,050,523</td>
<td>39,932</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public activities and recreation</td>
<td>1,170,482</td>
<td>1,248,215</td>
<td>1,182,124</td>
<td>66,091</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural arts and public benefits</td>
<td>91,500</td>
<td>119,500</td>
<td>98,675</td>
<td>20,825</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service</td>
<td>504,156</td>
<td>556,766</td>
<td>566,648</td>
<td>(9,882)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,150,108</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,571,328</strong></td>
<td><strong>8,449,244</strong></td>
<td><strong>122,084</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 512,674 | 218,196 | 373,157 | 154,961 |

| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |          |          |          |          |          |
| Transfers in | 75,145 | 75,145 | 75,145 | - |
| Transfers out | (293,341) | (293,341) | (293,341) | 2,000 |
| **Total other financing sources (uses)** | (218,196) | (218,196) | (218,196) | 2,000 |

| Net change in fund balance | 294,478 | - | 156,961 | 156,961 |

| Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated | 1,576,571 | 1,576,571 | 1,576,571 | - |

| Fund balance at end of year | $1,871,049 | $1,576,571 | $1,733,532 | $156,961 |

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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NOTE 1: **BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The City annually adopts budgets that are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 2: **BUDGETARY LEGAL COMPLIANCE**

For the year ended September 30, 2010 the City complied with budgetary restrictions at all departmental levels except the following. The following table details these variances:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Fund - Department</th>
<th>Final Budget</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City secretary</td>
<td>$116,365</td>
<td>$134,561</td>
<td>$(19,196)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration and council</td>
<td>187,548</td>
<td>194,398</td>
<td>$(6,850)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Municipal court</td>
<td>228,485</td>
<td>246,864</td>
<td>$(18,379)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police</td>
<td>3,382,324</td>
<td>3,453,801</td>
<td>$(71,477)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City service center</td>
<td>56,629</td>
<td>63,851</td>
<td>$(7,222)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library</td>
<td>267,570</td>
<td>282,363</td>
<td>$(14,793)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service principal</td>
<td>324,719</td>
<td>334,719</td>
<td>$(10,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules
### Special Revenue Funds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>ASSETS</th>
<th>Street Maintenance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Civic and Disaster</td>
<td>Capital Project</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cultural Arts Fund</td>
<td>Debt Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$130,728</td>
<td>$19,532</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receivables (net)</td>
<td>$96,961</td>
<td>$14,348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>$8,839</td>
<td>$261,569</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due from other funds</td>
<td>13,556</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>$160,946</td>
<td>$19,532</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$23,187</td>
<td>$314,182</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Liabilities and Fund Balances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Liabilities</th>
<th>Total liabilities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>$29,888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Security deposits</td>
<td>$20,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accrued interest</td>
<td>$8,917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deferred revenue</td>
<td>$8,839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>$17,756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Unreserved, undesignated</td>
<td>$110,060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total fund balances</td>
<td>$245,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total liabilities and fund balances</td>
<td>$160,946</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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### CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

**NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**For the year ended September 30, 2010**

#### REVENUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue Source</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Taxes</strong></td>
<td>$187,707</td>
<td>$419,373</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property taxes</td>
<td>419,373</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hotel - motel tax</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees and charges for services</td>
<td>65,900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>574</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>633</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>7,101</td>
<td>110,517</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>492,948</td>
<td>110,517</td>
<td></td>
<td>187,707</td>
<td>791,231</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### EXPENDITURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenditure Category</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural arts and public benefits</td>
<td>545,117</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>545,117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt service</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>217,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and fiscal charges</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>80,152</td>
<td>80,152</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital outlay</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>157,600</td>
<td></td>
<td>157,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td>545,117</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>157,600</td>
<td>297,662</td>
<td>1,000,379</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(52,169)</td>
<td>110,517</td>
<td>(157,600)</td>
<td>(109,896)</td>
<td>(209,148)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financing Source</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transfers in</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>175,000</td>
<td>115,327</td>
<td>290,327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers out</td>
<td>(62,500)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(62,500)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total other financing sources (uses)</strong></td>
<td>(62,500)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>175,000</td>
<td>115,327</td>
<td>227,827</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Net change in fund balances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Net change in fund balances</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(114,669)</td>
<td>110,517</td>
<td>17,400</td>
<td>5,431</td>
<td></td>
<td>18,879</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Fund balances at beginning of year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund balances at beginning of year</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$110,080</td>
<td>$110,517</td>
<td>$19,532</td>
<td>$5,431</td>
<td></td>
<td>$245,540</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fund balances at end of year**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund balances at end of year</th>
<th>Civic and Cultural Arts Fund</th>
<th>Disaster Recovery Fund</th>
<th>Capital Project Fund</th>
<th>Debt Service Fund</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$110,060</td>
<td>$110,517</td>
<td>$19,532</td>
<td>$5,431</td>
<td></td>
<td>$245,540</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND
BALANCE SHEET
September 30, 2010
With comparative totals for September 30, 2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ASSETS</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$1,929,736</td>
<td>$1,607,636</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receivables (net)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts</td>
<td>66,169</td>
<td>40,424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>569,585</td>
<td>277,077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due from other governments</td>
<td>266,530</td>
<td>240,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due from other funds</td>
<td>42,000</td>
<td>503,853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid expenditures</td>
<td>24,824</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,900,864</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,669,724</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>$376,216</td>
<td>$162,016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued expenditures</td>
<td>228,175</td>
<td>320,668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to other funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>395,373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to other governments</td>
<td>55,463</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred revenue</td>
<td>506,476</td>
<td>215,096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,187,332</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,083,153</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Fund balances                       |            |            |
| Reserved for prepaid expenditures   | 24,824     | -          |
| Unreserved                          |            |            |
| Undesignated                        | 1,708,708  | 1,576,571  |
| **Total fund balances**             | **1,733,532** | **1,576,571** |

| **Total liabilities and fund balances** | **$2,900,864** | **$2,669,724** |
CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
For the year ended September 30, 2010
With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVENUES</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Final Budget</td>
<td>Actual</td>
<td>Positive (Negative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>$ 3,175,000</td>
<td>$ 3,179,174</td>
<td>$ 4,174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property tax</td>
<td>3,060,000</td>
<td>3,052,300</td>
<td>(7,700)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales tax</td>
<td>17,500</td>
<td>13,443</td>
<td>(4,057)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed beverage tax</td>
<td>875,000</td>
<td>860,750</td>
<td>(14,250)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franchise tax</td>
<td>7,127,500</td>
<td>7,105,667</td>
<td>(21,833)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other revenues</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>9,813</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licenses and permits</td>
<td>397,500</td>
<td>402,318</td>
<td>4,818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fines and forfeitures</td>
<td>353,700</td>
<td>308,136</td>
<td>(45,564)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fees and charges for services</td>
<td>131,454</td>
<td>156,826</td>
<td>25,372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intergovernmental</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,352</td>
<td>5,352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>769,670</td>
<td>834,289</td>
<td>64,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>1,662,024</td>
<td>1,716,734</td>
<td>54,710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total other revenues</td>
<td>8,789,524</td>
<td>8,822,401</td>
<td>32,877</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPENDITURES
General government
City secretary
Personnel services | 89,855 | 104,321 | (14,466) | 71,064 |
| Supplies | 10,720 | 14,256 | (3,536) | 5,076 |
| Other services and charges | 14,790 | 15,984 | (1,194) | 6,235 |
| Total city secretary | 115,365 | 134,561 | (19,196) | 82,375 |
City general services
Personnel services | 12,000 | 15,685 | (3,685) | 83,212 |
| Supplies | 10,500 | 6,879 | 3,621 | 10,262 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 13,000 | 9,826 | 3,174 | 12,995 |
| Other services and charges | 965,759 | 904,206 | 61,553 | 680,849 |
| Total general services | 1,021,269 | 936,396 | 84,863 | 787,318 |
Administration and council
Personnel services | 177,548 | 181,462 | (3,914) | 159,384 |
| Supplies | 4,100 | 6,002 | (1,902) | 4,725 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 400 | 297 | 103 | 1,243 |
| Other services and charges | 5,500 | 6,637 | (1,137) | 5,845 |
| Total administration and council | 187,548 | 194,398 | (6,850) | 171,197 |

(continued)
## CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

**MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND**

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE**

**BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL**

For the year ended September 30, 2010

With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Final Budget</td>
<td>Actual</td>
<td>Positive (Negative)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EXPENDITURES - (CONTINUED)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General government - (continued)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human resources</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>$36,544</td>
<td>$27,148</td>
<td>$9,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>6,300</td>
<td>6,238</td>
<td>(1,938)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>1,885</td>
<td>(685)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital outlay</td>
<td>29,000</td>
<td>27,178</td>
<td>1,822</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total human resources</td>
<td>73,044</td>
<td>64,449</td>
<td>8,595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Municipal court</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>132,085</td>
<td>114,558</td>
<td>17,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>6,500</td>
<td>6,999</td>
<td>(499)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>1,808</td>
<td>1,192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>86,900</td>
<td>123,500</td>
<td>(36,600)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total municipal court</td>
<td>228,485</td>
<td>246,864</td>
<td>(18,379)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Finance</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>264,777</td>
<td>271,164</td>
<td>13,613</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>6,100</td>
<td>5,916</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>4,473</td>
<td>(1,473)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital outlay</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>992</td>
<td>4,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total finance</td>
<td>298,877</td>
<td>282,545</td>
<td>17,332</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total general government</strong></td>
<td>$1,925,578</td>
<td>$1,859,213</td>
<td>66,365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Public safety</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>3,022,267</td>
<td>3,046,039</td>
<td>(23,772)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>69,583</td>
<td>97,488</td>
<td>(7,905)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>29,110</td>
<td>23,752</td>
<td>5,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>241,364</td>
<td>247,205</td>
<td>(5,841)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital outlay</td>
<td>39,317</td>
<td>39,317</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total police</td>
<td>3,382,324</td>
<td>3,453,801</td>
<td>(71,477)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fire</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>37,672</td>
<td>36,372</td>
<td>1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>6,738</td>
<td>4,762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>34,500</td>
<td>29,543</td>
<td>4,957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>50,500</td>
<td>57,295</td>
<td>(6,795)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital outlay</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,281</td>
<td>(281)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fire</td>
<td>148,172</td>
<td>145,229</td>
<td>3,943</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(continued)
### CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

**MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND**

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE**

**BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL**

**For the year ended September 30, 2010**

**With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2009**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th></th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Budget</td>
<td>Actual</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>Negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EXPENDITURES - (CONTINUED)

#### Public safety - (continued)

**Animal impoundment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Animal impoundment</td>
<td>$76,806</td>
<td>$74,029</td>
<td>$4,779</td>
<td>$66,982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>3,700</td>
<td>4,319</td>
<td>(619)</td>
<td>3,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>2,060</td>
<td>873</td>
<td>1,187</td>
<td>1,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>14,750</td>
<td>13,810</td>
<td>940</td>
<td>7,228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total animal impoundment</td>
<td>99,316</td>
<td>93,031</td>
<td>6,287</td>
<td>79,945</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Public works

#### Streets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Streets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>802,760</td>
<td>780,401</td>
<td>22,379</td>
<td>795,945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>95,900</td>
<td>93,637</td>
<td>2,263</td>
<td>72,069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>155,500</td>
<td>151,643</td>
<td>3,857</td>
<td>141,977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>36,275</td>
<td>24,842</td>
<td>11,433</td>
<td>61,461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total streets</td>
<td>1,090,455</td>
<td>1,050,523</td>
<td>39,932</td>
<td>1,071,462</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Public activities and recreation

#### City service center

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City service center</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>36,949</td>
<td>35,791</td>
<td>1,158</td>
<td>34,012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>3,884</td>
<td>(884)</td>
<td>3,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>6,652</td>
<td>(3,652)</td>
<td>1,855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>13,680</td>
<td>17,524</td>
<td>(3,844)</td>
<td>17,206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total city service center</td>
<td>56,629</td>
<td>63,851</td>
<td>(7,222)</td>
<td>56,393</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Parks and recreation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parks and recreation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>380,200</td>
<td>272,640</td>
<td>107,560</td>
<td>346,705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>27,500</td>
<td>36,883</td>
<td>(9,383)</td>
<td>42,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>56,760</td>
<td>69,976</td>
<td>(13,216)</td>
<td>64,314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>258,165</td>
<td>300,707</td>
<td>(42,542)</td>
<td>256,044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total parks and recreation</td>
<td>722,625</td>
<td>680,206</td>
<td>42,419</td>
<td>691,426</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Riverside park

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>Variance</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Riverside park</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>85,526</td>
<td>80,979</td>
<td>4,546</td>
<td>75,552</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>8,140</td>
<td>8,134</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>9,413</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>18,420</td>
<td>17,461</td>
<td>959</td>
<td>8,499</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>43,440</td>
<td>38,491</td>
<td>4,949</td>
<td>36,457</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total riverside park</td>
<td>155,525</td>
<td>145,068</td>
<td>10,460</td>
<td>129,921</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(continued)
## CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS

**MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND**

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2010

With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2009

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXPENDITURES - (CONTINUED)</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Final Budget</td>
<td>Actual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Public activities and recreation - (continued)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>$267,570</td>
<td>$282,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total library</td>
<td>$267,570</td>
<td>$282,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen Court</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel services</td>
<td>34,183</td>
<td>34,183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>11,683</td>
<td>10,639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total teen court</td>
<td>45,866</td>
<td>10,639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total public activities and recreation</td>
<td>1,248,215</td>
<td>1,182,124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cultural arts and public benefits</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural arts and public benefits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services and charges</td>
<td>119,500</td>
<td>98,675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total cultural arts and public benefits</td>
<td>119,500</td>
<td>98,675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Debt service</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal</td>
<td>324,719</td>
<td>334,719</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and fiscal charges</td>
<td>232,047</td>
<td>231,929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total debt service</td>
<td>556,766</td>
<td>566,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td>8,571,328</td>
<td>8,449,244</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures** | 218,196 | 373,157 | 154,961 | | 955,557 |

**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)**

| Transfers in | 75,145 | 75,145 | | | 94,947 |
| Transfers out | (203,341) | (203,341) | | | (383,683) |

**Total other financing sources (uses)** | 8,188,196 | 8,164,196 | 24,000 | | 8,928,796 |

Net change in fund balance | 156,961 | 156,961 | 156,961 | 0 | 666,821 |

**Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated** | $1,576,571 | $1,576,571 | $1,576,571 | 0 | 909,750 |

**Fund balance at end of year** | $1,576,571 | $1,733,532 | $196,961 | $1,576,571 |
### CITY OF BAY CITY, TEXAS
### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - DEBT SERVICE FUND
### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
### BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
### For the year ended September 30, 2010

#### REVENUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Final Budget</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ad valorem taxes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current taxes</td>
<td>$183,335</td>
<td>$185,876</td>
<td>$2,541</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Penalty and interest</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,831</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td></td>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>$183,335</td>
<td>$187,766</td>
<td>4,431</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### EXPENDITURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Final Budget</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debt service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Principal retirement</td>
<td>217,500</td>
<td>217,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and fiscal charges</td>
<td>81,162</td>
<td>80,162</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenditures</strong></td>
<td>298,662</td>
<td>297,662</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Final Budget</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transfers in</td>
<td>115,327</td>
<td>115,327</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in fund balances</td>
<td></td>
<td>5,431</td>
<td>5,431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund balances at beginning of year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fund balances at end of year</strong></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$5,431</td>
<td>$5,431</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members
of the City Council
City of Bay City, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bay City, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 3, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

MEMBERS OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
The Honorable Mayor and Members
of the City Council

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Mayor and City Council, others within the organization, and other federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Harrison & Wheak, LLP

March 3, 2011